

Certified Reference Material - Certificate of Analysis

Isotonitazene, Primary Measurement Standard

N,N-Diethyl-2-[[4-(1-methylethoxy)phenyl]methyl]-5-nitro-1H-benzimidazole-1-ethanamine HCl

Product No.: I-055-1ML **Lot No.:** FE04142124

Description of CRM: Isotonitazene HCl in Methanol (Solution)

Nominal concentration is adjusted for HCl content.

Retest Date: June 2022 See Stability Section **Storage:** Store unopened in freezer (-10 °C to -25 °C).

Shipping: Ambient. See Stability Section

Regulatory: USDEA Exempt | Canadian TK # 061-1834

ISO 14001
ISO 9001

O₂N

N

CH₃

H₃C

CH₃

HCl

CH₃

Cerilliant Quality

ISO 17034

ISO/IEC 17025

Analyte Certified Concentration \pm associated uncertainty U, u=k*u (k=2)

Isotonitazene $1.000 \pm 0.006 \text{ mg/mL}$

Metrological traceability: Traceable to the SI and higher order standards from NIST through an unbroken

chain of comparisons. See "Details on metrological traceability" on page 3.

Measurement method: The certified value is calculated from high precision weighing of thoroughly

characterized starting material. See "Details about certification process" on

page 3.

Intended use: This Certified Reference Material is suitable for the in vitro identification,

calibration, and quantification of the analyte(s) in analytical and R&D applications.

Not suitable for human or animal consumption.

Minimum sample size:

Instructions for handling and correct

use:

1 µL for quantitative applications

Concentration is corrected for chromatographic purity, residual water, residual

solvents, and residual inorganics. No adjustment required before use.

Users should quantitatively transfer desired volume using established good

laboratory practices to spike into matrix or to dilute to the desired concentration.

Each ampoule is intended for one-time use.

Nominal concentration is adjusted for HCl content. No adjustment required before

use.

Health and safety information:

Danger. Please refer to the Safety Data Sheet for detailed information about the

nature of any hazard and appropriate precautions to be taken.

Accreditation: Cerilliant Corp. is accredited by the US accreditation authority ANAB as registered

reference material producer AR-1353 in accordance with ISO 17034 and registered

testing laboratory AT-1352 according to ISO/IEC 17025.

ARAB A C R E D I T E D 150 17034 REFERENCE MATERIAL PRODUCER

Darron Ellsworth, Quality Assurance Manager

June 16, 2021

Issue Date

Packaging: 2 mL amber USP Type 1 glass ampoule containing not less than 1 mL of

certified solution. Ampoules are overfilled to ensure a minimum of 1 mL volume can be transferred when using a 1mL Class A volumetric pipette.

Details on starting materials:

Each raw material utilized has been identified and thoroughly characterized through the use of multiple analytical techniques and is assigned a Mass Balance Purity Factor. Spectral data is provided on subsequent pages of this

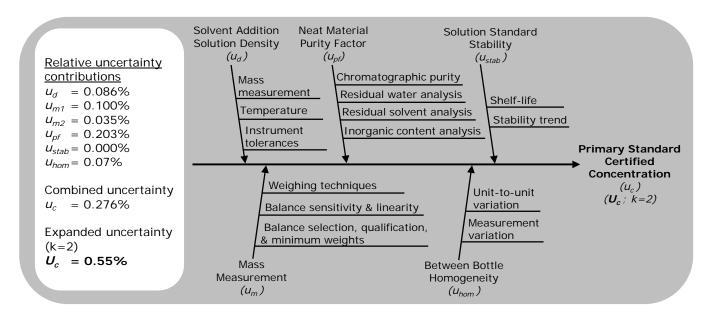
CoA.

Certificate of Origin: Cerilliant Corporation certifies no material of animal origin (BSE/TSE) was used

in the preparation of this product. This material is a product of USA.

Associated uncertainty:

The uncertainty has been calculated by statistical analysis of all aspects of our production system and incorporated uncertainty of the mass balance purity factor, material density, balance, weighing technique, and homogeneity. Uncertainty components of the gravimetrically prepared Primary Standard concentration are shown in the figure below. Uncertainty is expressed as an expanded uncertainty in accordance with ISO 17034 at the approximate 95% confidence interval using a coverage factor of k=2. Uncertainty contribution from neat material homogeneity was established to be negligible through establishment of process controls and verification of the control process. Stability uncertainty was determined to be negligible by regression analysis.



Details on metrological traceability:

- This standard has been gravimetrically prepared using balances that have been fully qualified and calibrated to ISO 17025 requirements. All calibrations utilize NIST traceable weights which are calibrated externally by a qualified ISO 17025 accredited calibration laboratory to NIST standards. Qualification of each balance includes the assignment of a minimum weighing by a qualified and ISO 17025 accredited calibration vendor taking into consideration the balance and installed environmental conditions to ensure compliance with USP tolerances of NMT 0.10% relative error.
- Fill volume to predetermined specifications is gravimetrically verified throughout the dispensing process using qualified and calibrated balances.
- The density and material Mass Balance Purity Factor of each raw material is traceable to the SI and higher order reference materials through mass measurement and instrument qualification and calibrations.

Details about certification process:

This standard has been prepared and certified under the ISO 17034, ISO/IEC 17025, and ISO 9001 standards. This standard meets the requirements of a Certified Reference Material and a Primary Standard as defined by ISO and is traceable to the SI and higher order standards through an unbroken chain of comparisons.

- Nominal concentration is calculated based on: the actual mass; Mass balance purity factor of the analyte(s); measured mass of the solution; and the density of the pure diluent at 20°C.
- Fill volume is gravimetrically verified throughout the dispensing process using qualified and calibrated balances.
- Concentration is verified against an independently prepared calibration solution gravimetrically prepared.
- Additional certification information available upon request.

Solution Standard Verification

Concentration accuracy and within- and between-bottle homogeneity are analytically verified against an independently prepared calibration solution.

Standard Solution Assay Parameters

Calibration Curve

Analysis Method: HPLC/UV

Calibration Curve: Linear Regression

Column: Mobile Phase:

Ascentis Express C18, 2.7 μm , 3.0 x 100 mm Acetonitrile: 0.1% Phosphoric acid in Water

Number of Points: 4

(35:65)

nosphoric acid in Water Linearity (r):

1.000

Flow Rate: 1.2 mL/min
Wavelength: 240 nm

		Verified Concentration (mg/mL)	%RSD - Homogeneity
Standard Solution	Lot Number	Actual Results	Actual Results
New Lot	FE04142124	1.018	1.8

- Concentration is verified through multiple analyses and is calculated as the average of multiple analyses compared to an independently prepared calibration solution.
- Within-sample and between-sample homogeneity of the New Lot is ensured through rigorous production process controls statistically analyzed to evaluate risk and verified by analysis. Multiple samples pulled from across the lot using a random stratified sampling plan were analyzed to verify homogeneity. % RSD results shown above for the New Lot demonstrate ampoule-to-ampoule homogeneity.

Analyte Certification - Mass Balance Purity Factor

Each analyte is thoroughly identified and characterized using an orthogonal approach. A mass balance purity factor is assigned incorporating chromatographic purity and residual impurities. The mass balance purity factor and salt adjustment are utilized to calculate the weighing adjustment necessary to ensure accuracy of the solution standard concentration.

Material Name:Isotonitazene HCIMolecular Weight (base):410.51Material Lot:FC11112007Molecular Weight (salt):446.97Chemical Formula: $C_{23}H_{30}N_4O_3 \cdot HCI$ Salt Adjustment:1.089

CAS Number: 119276-00-5

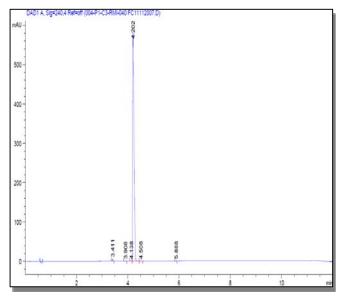
Material Characterization Summary			
Analytical Test	Method	Results	
Primary Chromatographic Purity by HPLC/UV Analysis	20384348	99.5%	
Secondary Chromatographic Purity by GC/FID Analysis	20384346	99.1%	
Identity by LC/MS Analysis	20384217	Consistent with Structure	
Identity by ¹ H-NMR Analysis	20384224	Consistent with Structure	
Residual Solvent Analysis by GC/FID Headspace	20397799 ¹	0.15%	
Residual Water Analysis by Karl Fischer Coulometry	20398075 ¹	1.11%	
Inorganic Content by Microash Analysis	20384350	Below Quantitation Limit	
Mass Balance Purity Factor		98.26%	

¹ Validated analytical method

- The primary chromatographic purity is calculated as the average of two independently performed analyses utilizing two different methods. Acceptance criteria requires the purity values to be within 0.5% of each other.
- The primary purity method was selected to optimize resolution of impurities while minimizing degradation of the analyte. Secondary purity methods with orthogonal detector capabilities from the primary purity method are used as controls to confirm an accurate purity value.
- The primary chromatographic purity value is used to calculate the Mass Balance Purity Factor.
- A secondary chromatographic purity method is utilized as a control.
- Mass Balance Purity Factor = [(100 wt% residual solvent wt% residual water wt% residual inorganics)
 x Chromatographic Purity/100].
- Mass Balance Purity Factor does not include adjustment for chiral and/or isotopic purity.

Spectral and Physical Data

HPLC/UV



Column: Ascentis Express C18, 2.7 μm,

3.0 x 100 mm

Mobile Phase: A: Acetonitrile

B: 0.1% Phosphoric acid in Water

 Time (min)
 % A
 % B

 0.0
 15
 85

 8.0
 80
 20

 10.0
 80
 20

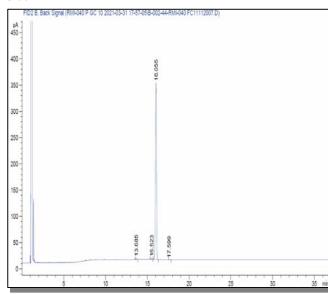
 10.1
 15
 85

Flow Rate: 0.7 mL/min Wavelength: 240 nm

Sample Name: FC11112007 Acquired: March 27, 2021

Peak #	Ret Time	Area %
1	3.41	0.39
2	3.91	0.02
3	4.14	0.03
4	4.20	99.51
5	4.51	0.04
6	5.89	0.01

GC/FID



Column: DB-35ms, 30 m x 0.53 mm ID,

1.0 µm film thickness

Temp Program: 40°C to 310°C at 40°C/min

hold 30 min

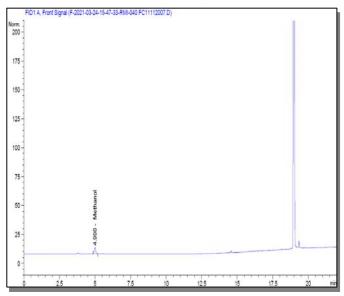
Injector Temp: Cool-on-Column

Detector Temp: 325°C

Sample Name: FC11112007 Acquired: March 31, 2021

Ret Time	Area %
13.69	0.55
15.52	0.34
16.06	99.07
17.60	0.03
	13.69 15.52 16.06

Residual Solvent Analysis by GC/FID Headspace



Column: DB-ALC1 30 m x 0.53 mm,

3 µm film thickness

Temp Program: 40°C hold 12 min to 220°C at

40°C/min hold 5.5 min

Carrier Gas: Helium
Flow Rate: 2.0 mL/min
Detector Heater Temp: 250°C

Injector: Headspace Sampler

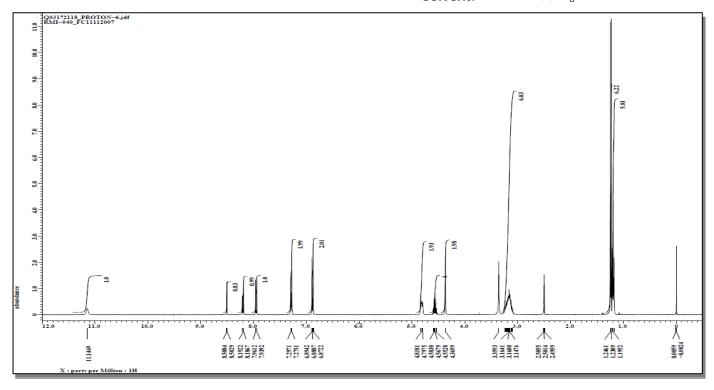
HS Oven Temp: 60° C **Vial Equilibration:** 10 minutes

Sample Name: FC11112007 Acquired: March 24, 2021

Peak	Compound	Area	Weight %
1	Methanol	38.12	0.15
2	NMP	NA	NA
Total			0.15

¹H NMR

Instrument: JEOL ECS 400
Solvent: DMSO-D₆



LC/MS

Column: Ascentis Express C18, 2.7 μm,

3.0 x 50 mm

Mobile Phase: A: 0.1% Formic acid

B: Acetonitrile

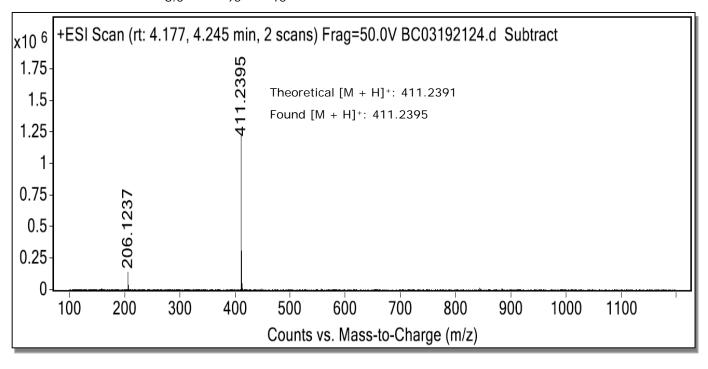
Gradient: Time (

Time (min) % B 0.0 90 10 0.5 90 10 4.0 50 50 5.8 50 50 6.0 90 10 8.0 90 10

Flow Rate: 0.4 mL/min Scan Range: 100-1200 amu

Ionization: Electrospray, Positive Ion Instrument: Agilent 6545XT QTOF

Acquired: March 19, 2021



Stability

Short term stability studies have been performed in multiple storage conditions for a period of up to four weeks. Short term data is utilized to support transport conditions and normal laboratory use. Real-time stability studies are performed at the recommended storage conditions over the life of the product.

Short Term Stability: A summary of stability findings for this product is listed below.

Storage Condition	Targeted Mean Kinetic Temperature (MKT)	Time Period/Result
Freezer	-20°C	
Refrigerator	5°C	No decrease in purity was noted after four weeks.
Room Temperature	20°C	
40°C	40°C	

Transport/Shipping: Stability studies support the transport of this product at ambient conditions.

Commutability

This standard is a solution of a pure substance in an organic solvent and is a Primary Standard. This Primary Standard is suitable for use in the preparation of calibrators and/or controls in any biological matrix. This standard is not in a biological matrix and therefore commutability to methods or standards in biological matrices does not apply.

COA Revision History

Revision No.	Date	Reason for Revision
00	June 16, 2021	Initial version.



Certified Reference Material - Certificate of Analysis

Isotonitazene-13C₆, Primary Measurement Standard

N,N-Diethyl-2-[[4-(1-methylethoxy)phenyl- 13 C 6] methyl]-5-nitro-1H-benzimidazole-1-ethanamine HCl

Product No.: I-057-1ML Lot No.: FE04142125

Isotonitazene-¹³C₆ HCl in Methanol (Solution) **Description of CRM:**

Nominal concentration is adjusted for HCl content.

Retest Date: See Stability Section Store unopened in freezer (-10 °C to -25 °C). Storage:

Shipping: Ambient. See Stability Section

Chemical formula: C₁₇¹³C₆H₃₀N₄O₃ • HCl

CAS No.: NA

Regulatory: USDEA Exempt | Canadian TK # 061-1836

ISO 9001 CH₂

Cerilliant Quality

ISO 17034

ISO/IEC 17025

ISO 14001

Certified Concentration ± **Analyte** associated uncertainty U, u = k * u (k = 2)

Isotonitazene-13C₆ $1.000 \pm 0.006 \, \text{mg/mL}$

Metrological traceability: Traceable to the SI and higher order standards from NIST through an unbroken

chain of comparisons. See "Details on metrological traceability" on page 3.

The certified value is calculated from high precision weighing of thoroughly Measurement method:

characterized starting material. See "Details about certification process" on

Intended use: This Certified Reference Material is suitable for the in vitro identification,

calibration, and quantification of the analyte(s) in analytical and R&D applications.

Not suitable for human or animal consumption.

Minimum sample size:

Instructions for handling and correct

use:

1 μL for quantitative applications

Concentration is corrected for chromatographic purity, residual water, residual

solvents, and residual inorganics. No adjustment required before use.

Users should quantitatively transfer desired volume using established good

laboratory practices to spike into matrix or to dilute to the desired concentration.

Each ampoule is intended for one-time use.

Nominal concentration is adjusted for HCl content. No adjustment required before

For MS Applications, we advise laboratories not to mix lots during a single

sequence.

Health and safety information: **Accreditation:**

Danger. Please refer to the Safety Data Sheet for detailed information about the

nature of any hazard and appropriate precautions to be taken.

Cerilliant Corp. is accredited by the US accreditation authority ANAB as registered

reference material producer AR-1353 in accordance with ISO 17034 and registered

testing laboratory AT-1352 according to ISO/IEC 17025.

Darron Ellsworth, Quality Assurance Manager

June 16, 2021

Issue Date

Packaging: 2 mL amber USP Type 1 glass ampoule containing not less than 1 mL of

certified solution. Ampoules are overfilled to ensure a minimum of 1 mL volume can be transferred when using a 1mL Class A volumetric pipette.

Details on starting materials:

Each raw material utilized has been identified and thoroughly characterized through the use of multiple analytical techniques and is assigned a Mass Balance Purity Factor. Spectral data is provided on subsequent pages of this

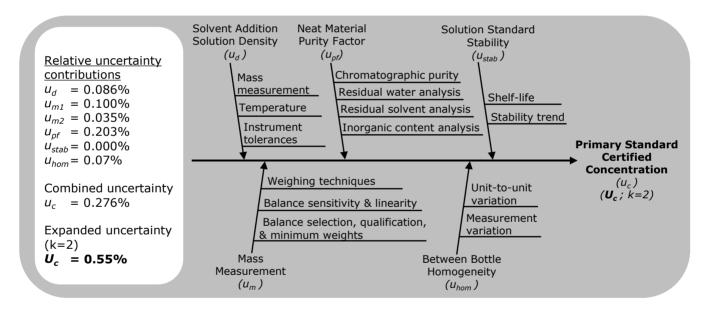
CoA.

Certificate of Origin: Cerilliant Corporation certifies no material of animal origin (BSE/TSE) was used

in the preparation of this product. This material is a product of the USA.

Associated uncertainty:

The uncertainty has been calculated by statistical analysis of all aspects of our production system and incorporated uncertainty of the mass balance purity factor, material density, balance, weighing technique, and homogeneity. Uncertainty components of the gravimetrically prepared Primary Standard concentration are shown in the figure below. Uncertainty is expressed as an expanded uncertainty in accordance with ISO 17034 at the approximate 95% confidence interval using a coverage factor of k=2. Uncertainty contribution from neat material homogeneity was established to be negligible through establishment of process controls and verification of the control process. Stability uncertainty was determined to be negligible by regression analysis.



Details on metrological traceability:

- This standard has been gravimetrically prepared using balances that have been fully qualified and calibrated to ISO 17025 requirements. All calibrations utilize NIST traceable weights which are calibrated externally by a qualified ISO 17025 accredited calibration laboratory to NIST standards. Qualification of each balance includes the assignment of a minimum weighing by a qualified and ISO 17025 accredited calibration vendor taking into consideration the balance and installed environmental conditions to ensure compliance with USP tolerances of NMT 0.10% relative error.
- Fill volume to predetermined specifications is gravimetrically verified throughout the dispensing process using qualified and calibrated balances.
- The density and material Mass Balance Purity Factor of each raw material is traceable to the SI and higher order reference materials through mass measurement and instrument qualification and calibrations.

Details about certification process:

This standard has been prepared and certified under the ISO 17034, ISO/IEC 17025, and ISO 9001 standards. This standard meets the requirements of a Certified Reference Material and a Primary Standard as defined by ISO and is traceable to the SI and higher order standards through an unbroken chain of comparisons.

- Nominal concentration is calculated based on: the actual mass; Mass balance purity factor of the analyte(s); measured mass of the solution; and the density of the pure diluent at 20°C.
- Fill volume is gravimetrically verified throughout the dispensing process using qualified and calibrated balances.
- Concentration is verified against an independently prepared calibration solution gravimetrically prepared.
- Additional certification information available upon request.

Solution Standard Verification

Concentration accuracy and within- and between-bottle homogeneity are analytically verified against an independently prepared calibration solution.

Standard Solution Assay Parameters

Analysis Method: HPLC/UV

Column: Ascentis Express C18, 2.7 µm, 3.0 x 100 mm

Mobile Phase: Acetonitrile:0.1% Phosphoric acid in Water

(35:65)

Flow Rate: 1.2 mL/min
Wavelength: 240 nm

Calibration Curve

Calibration Curve: Linear Regression

Number of Points: 4

Linearity (r): 1.000

		Verified Concentration (mg/mL)	%RSD - Homogeneity
Standard Solution	Lot Number	Actual Results	Actual Results
New Lot	FE04142125	1.016	1.9

- Concentration is verified through multiple analyses and is calculated as the average of multiple analyses compared to an independently prepared calibration solution.
- Within-sample and between-sample homogeneity of the New Lot is ensured through rigorous production process controls statistically analyzed to evaluate risk and verified by analysis. Multiple samples pulled from across the lot using a random stratified sampling plan were analyzed to verify homogeneity. % RSD results shown above for the New Lot demonstrate ampoule-to-ampoule homogeneity.

Analyte Certification - Mass Balance Purity Factor

Each analyte is thoroughly identified and characterized using an orthogonal approach. A mass balance purity factor is assigned incorporating chromatographic purity and residual impurities. The mass balance purity factor and salt adjustment are utilized to calculate the weighing adjustment necessary to ensure accuracy of the solution standard concentration.

Material Name:Isotonitazene- 13 C $_6$ HClMolecular Weight (base):416.47Material Lot:FC10062003Molecular Weight (salt):452.93Chemical Formula: C_{17}^{13} C $_6$ H $_{30}$ N $_4$ O $_3$ • HClSalt Adjustment:1.088

CAS Number: NA

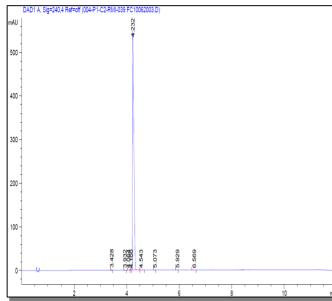
Material Characterization Summary				
Analytical Test	Method	Results		
Primary Chromatographic Purity by HPLC/UV Analysis	20384348	99.8%		
Secondary Chromatographic Purity by GC/FID Analysis	20384346	99.30	%	
Identity by LC/MS Analysis	20384217	Consistent with Structure		
	20384217	0.00% ¹³ C ₀ vs ¹³ C ₆		
Isotopic Purity and Distribution by LC/MS SIM Analysis		0.00% ¹³ C ₀ vs ¹³ C ₃	4.50% ¹³ C ₅	
		0.10% ¹³ C ₄	95.40% ¹³ C ₆	
Identity by ¹ H-NMR Analysis	20384224	Consistent with Structure		
Residual Solvent Analysis by GC/FID Headspace	20397799 ¹	0.49%		
Residual Water Analysis by Karl Fischer Coulometry	20398075 ¹	0.82%		
Inorganic Content by Microash Analysis	20384350	Below Quantitation Limit		
Mass Balance Purity Factor		98.46	%	

¹ Validated analytical method

- The primary chromatographic purity is calculated as the average of two independently performed analyses utilizing two different methods. Acceptance criteria requires the purity values to be within 0.5% of each other.
- The primary purity method was selected to optimize resolution of impurities while minimizing degradation of the analyte. Secondary purity methods with orthogonal detector capabilities from the primary purity method are used as controls to confirm an accurate purity value.
- The primary chromatographic purity value is used to calculate the Mass Balance Purity Factor.
- A secondary chromatographic purity method is utilized as a control.
- Mass Balance Purity Factor = [(100 wt% residual solvent wt% residual water wt% residual inorganics) x Chromatographic Purity/100].
- Mass Balance Purity Factor does not include adjustment for chiral and/or isotopic purity.

Spectral and Physical Data

HPLC/UV



Column: Ascentis Express C18, 2.7 µm,

3.0 x 100 mm

Mobile Phase: A: Acetonitrile

B: 0.1% Phosphoric acid in Water

Gradient:

Time (min)	% A	% B
0.0	15	85
8.0	80	20
10.0	80	20
10.1	15	85

Flow Rate: 0.7 mL/min Wavelength: 240 nm

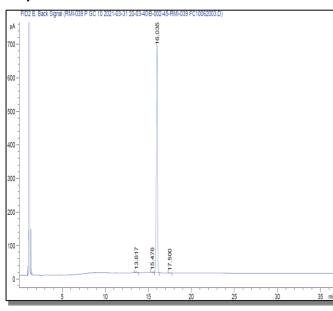
Sample Name:

FC10062003

Acquired: March 26, 2021

Peak #	Ret Time	Area %
1	3.43	0.09
2	3.93	0.01
3	4.06	0.01
4	4.17	0.03
5	4.23	99.77
6	4.54	0.04
7	5.07	0.02
8	5.93	0.01
9	6.57	0.01

GC/FID



DB-35ms, 30 m x 0.53 mm ID, Column:

1.0 µm film thickness

Temp Program: 40°C to 310°C at 40°C/min

hold 30 min

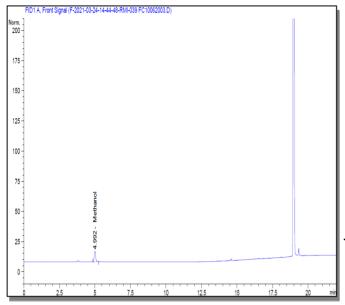
Cool-on-Column **Injector Temp:**

325°C **Detector Temp:**

Sample Name: FC10062003 Acquired: March 31, 2021

Peak #	Ret Time	Area %	
1	13.62	0.35	
2	15.48	0.26	
3	16.04	99.34	
4	17.50	0.05	

Residual Solvent Analysis by GC/FID Headspace



Column: DB-ALC1 30 m x 0.53 mm,

3 µm film thickness

Temp Program: 40°C hold 12 min to 220°C at

40°C/min hold 5.5 min

Carrier Gas: Helium
Flow Rate: 2.0 mL/min
Detector Heater Temp: 250°C

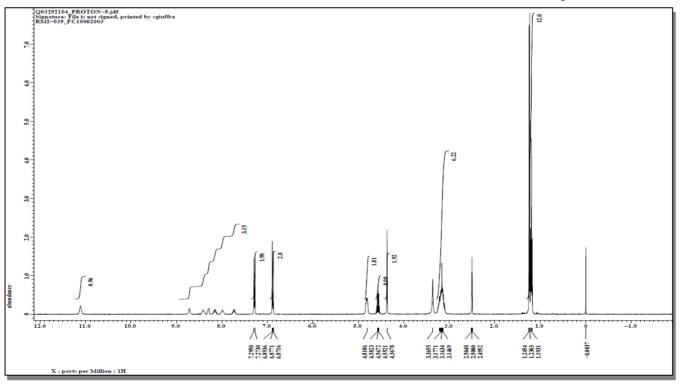
Injector: Headspace Sampler

HS Oven Temp: 60°C **Vial Equilibration:** 10 minutes

Sample Name: FC10062003 Acquired: March 24, 2021

Peak	Compound	Area	Weight %
1	Methanol	59.55	0.49
2	NMP	NA	NA
Total			0.49

1H NMRInstrument: JEOL ECS 400
Solvent: DMSO-D₆



LC/MS

Column: Ascentis Express C18, 2.7 μm,

3.0 x 50 mm

Mobile Phase: A: 0.1% Formic acid

B: Acetonitrile

Gradient: Time (min) % A % B

 0.0
 90
 10

 0.5
 90
 10

 4.0
 50
 50

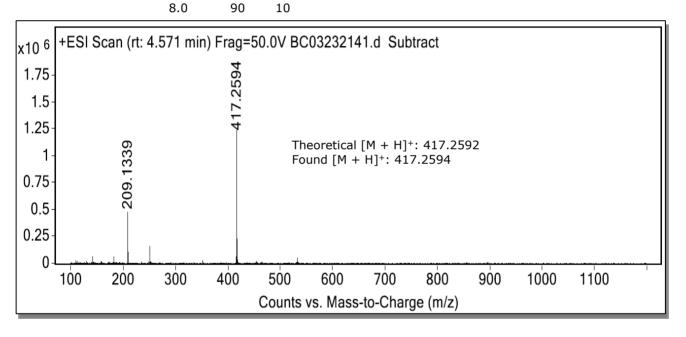
 5.8
 50
 50

 6.0
 90
 10

Flow Rate: 0.4 mL/min Scan Range: 100-1200 amu

Instrument: Electrospray, Positive Ion Agilent 6545XT QTOF

Acquired: March 23, 2021



Isotopic Purity by LC/MS SIM

Column: Ascentis Express C18, 2.7 μm,

3.0 x 50 mm

Mobile Phase: A: 0.1% Formic acid

B: Acetonitrile

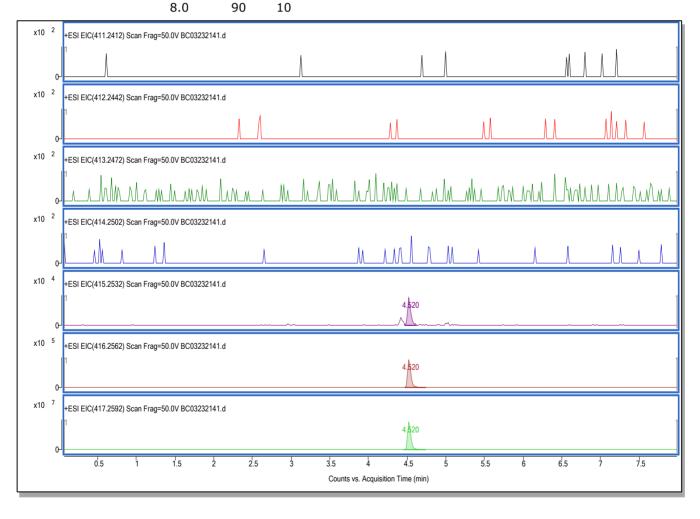
 Gradient:
 Time (min)
 % A
 % B

 0.0
 90
 10

0.5 90 10 4.0 50 50 5.8 50 50 6.0 90 10 **Flow Rate:** 0.4 mL/min **Scan Range:** 411-417 amu

Ionization: Electrospray, Positive Ion

Instrument: Agilent 6545XT QTOF **Acquired:** March 23, 2021



Stability

Short term stability studies have been performed in multiple storage conditions for a period of up to four weeks. Short term data is utilized to support transport conditions and normal laboratory use. Real-time stability studies are performed at the recommended storage conditions over the life of the product.

Short Term Stability: A summary of stability findings for a related product (I-055-1ML, Isotonitazene HCl) is listed below.

Storage Condition	Targeted Mean Kinetic Temperature (MKT)	Time Period/Result
Freezer	-20°C	
Refrigerator	5°C	No decrease in purity was noted after
Room Temperature	20°C	four weeks.
40°C	40°C	

Transport/Shipping: Stability studies support the transport of this product at ambient conditions.

Commutability

This standard is a solution of a pure substance in an organic solvent and is a Primary Standard. This Primary Standard is suitable for use in the preparation of calibrators and/or controls in any biological matrix. This standard is not in a biological matrix and therefore commutability to methods or standards in biological matrices does not apply.

COA Revision History

Revision No.	Date	Reason for Revision
00	June 16, 2021	Initial version.



Certified Reference Material - Certificate of Analysis

N-Phenethyl-4-piperidone (NPP), Primary Measurement Standard

Product No.: P-165-1ML **Lot No.:** FN06302103

Description of CRM: N-Phenethyl-4-piperidone (NPP) in Acetonitrile (Solution)

Retest Date: September 2022 See Stability Section **Storage:** Store unopened in freezer (-10 °C to -25 °C).

Shipping: Ambient. See Stability Section

Chemical formula: $C_{13}H_{17}NO$ CAS No.:39742-60-4

ISO 17034
ISO/IEC 17025
ISO 14001
ISO 9001

Cerilliant Quality

Analyte Certified Concentration \pm associated uncertainty U, u = k * u (k = 2)N-Phenethyl-4-piperidone (NPP) 1.000 \pm 0.006 mg/mL

Metrological traceability: Traceable to the SI and higher order standards from NIST through an unbroken

chain of comparisons. See "Details on metrological traceability" on page 3.

Measurement method: The certified value is calculated from high precision weighing of thoroughly

characterized starting material. See "Details about certification process" on

page 3.

Intended use: This Certified Reference Material is suitable for the in vitro identification,

1 µL for quantitative applications

calibration, and quantification of the analyte(s) in analytical and R&D applications.

Not suitable for human or animal consumption.

Minimum sample size:

Instructions for handling and correct

use:

Concentration is corrected for chromatographic purity, residual water, residual

solvents, and residual inorganics. No adjustment required before use.

Users should quantitatively transfer desired volume using established good

laboratory practices to spike into matrix or to dilute to the desired concentration.

Each ampoule is intended for one-time use.

Health and safety information:
Accreditation:

Danger. Please refer to the Safety Data Sheet for detailed information about the

nature of any hazard and appropriate precautions to be taken.

on: Cerilliant Corp. is accredited by the US accreditation authority ANAB as registered

reference material producer AR-1353 in accordance with ISO 17034 and registered

testing laboratory AT-1352 according to ISO/IEC 17025.

ARAB A C R E D I T E D E017034 REFERENCE MATERIAL

Darron Ellsworth, Quality Assurance Manager

August 06, 2021

Issue Date

Packaging: 2 mL amber USP Type 1 glass ampoule containing not less than 1 mL of

certified solution. Ampoules are overfilled to ensure a minimum of 1 mL volume can be transferred when using a 1mL Class A volumetric pipette.

Details on starting materials:

Each raw material utilized has been identified and thoroughly characterized through the use of multiple analytical techniques and is assigned a Mass Balance Purity Factor. Spectral data is provided on subsequent pages of this

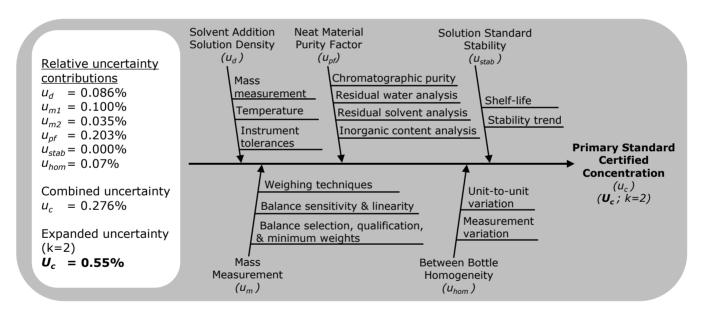
CoA.

Certificate of Origin: Cerilliant Corporation certifies no material of animal origin (BSE/TSE) was used

in the preparation of this product. This material is a product of the USA.

Associated uncertainty:

The uncertainty has been calculated by statistical analysis of all aspects of our production system and incorporated uncertainty of the mass balance purity factor, material density, balance, weighing technique, and homogeneity. Uncertainty components of the gravimetrically prepared Primary Standard concentration are shown in the figure below. Uncertainty is expressed as an expanded uncertainty in accordance with ISO 17034 at the approximate 95% confidence interval using a coverage factor of k=2. Uncertainty contribution from neat material homogeneity was established to be negligible through establishment of process controls and verification of the control process. Stability uncertainty was determined to be negligible by regression analysis.



Details on metrological traceability:

- This standard has been gravimetrically prepared using balances that have been fully qualified and calibrated to ISO 17025 requirements. All calibrations utilize NIST traceable weights which are calibrated externally by a qualified ISO 17025 accredited calibration laboratory to NIST standards. Qualification of each balance includes the assignment of a minimum weighing by a qualified and ISO 17025 accredited calibration vendor taking into consideration the balance and installed environmental conditions to ensure compliance with USP tolerances of NMT 0.10% relative error.
- Fill volume to predetermined specifications is gravimetrically verified throughout the dispensing process using qualified and calibrated balances.
- The density and material Mass Balance Purity Factor of each raw material is traceable to the SI and higher order reference materials through mass measurement and instrument qualification and calibrations.

Details about certification process:

This standard has been prepared and certified under the ISO 17034, ISO/IEC 17025, and ISO 9001 standards. This standard meets the requirements of a Certified Reference Material and a Primary Standard as defined by ISO and is traceable to the SI and higher order standards through an unbroken chain of comparisons.

- Nominal concentration is calculated based on: the actual mass; Mass balance purity factor of the analyte(s); measured mass of the solution; and the density of the pure diluent at 20°C.
- Fill volume is gravimetrically verified throughout the dispensing process using qualified and calibrated balances.
- Concentration is verified against an independently prepared calibration solution gravimetrically prepared.
- Additional certification information available upon request.

Solution Standard Verification

Concentration accuracy and within- and between-bottle homogeneity are analytically verified against an independently prepared calibration solution.

Standard Solution Assay Parameters

Analysis Method: HPLC/UV

Column: Ascentis Express C18, 2.7 µm, 3.0 x 100 mm **Mobile Phase:** Acetonitrile:0.1% Phosphoric acid in Water

(12:88)

Flow Rate: 1.25 mL/min
Wavelength: 210 nm

Calibration Curve

Calibration Curve: Linear Regression

Number of Points: 4
Linearity (r): 1.000

		Verified Concentration (mg/mL)	%RSD - Homogeneity
Standard Solution	Lot Number	Actual Results	Actual Results
New Lot	FN06302103	1.002	0.2

- Concentration is verified through multiple analyses and is calculated as the average of multiple analyses compared to an independently prepared calibration solution.
- Within-sample and between-sample homogeneity of the New Lot is ensured through rigorous production process controls statistically analyzed to evaluate risk and verified by analysis. Multiple samples pulled from across the lot using a random stratified sampling plan were analyzed to verify homogeneity. % RSD results shown above for the New Lot demonstrate ampoule-to-ampoule homogeneity.

Analyte Certification - Mass Balance Purity Factor

Each analyte is thoroughly identified and characterized using an orthogonal approach. A mass balance purity factor is assigned incorporating chromatographic purity and residual impurities. The mass balance purity factor is utilized to calculate the weighing adjustment necessary to ensure accuracy of the solution standard concentration.

Material Name:N-Phenethyl-4-piperidone (NPP)Chemical Formula: $C_{13}H_{17}NO$ Material Lot:FN11112006CAS Number:39742-60-4

Molecular Weight: 203.28

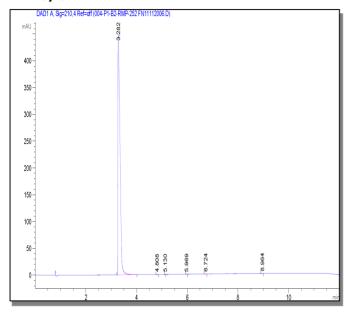
Material Characterization Summary				
Analytical Test	Results			
Primary Chromatographic Purity by HPLC/UV Analysis	20384348	99.9%		
Secondary Chromatographic Purity by GC/FID Analysis	20384346	> 99.9%		
Identity by LC/MS Analysis	20384217	Consistent with Structure		
Identity by ¹ H-NMR Analysis	20384224	Consistent with Structure		
Residual Solvent Analysis by GC/FID Headspace	20397799 ¹	0.17%		
Residual Water Analysis by Karl Fischer Coulometry	20398075 ¹	Below Quantitation Limit		
Inorganic Content by Microash Analysis	20384350	Below Quantitation Limit		
Mass Balance Purity Factor	99.73%			

¹ Validated analytical method

- The primary chromatographic purity is calculated as the average of two independently performed analyses utilizing two different methods. Acceptance criteria requires the purity values to be within 0.5% of each other.
- The primary purity method was selected to optimize resolution of impurities while minimizing degradation of the analyte. Secondary purity methods with orthogonal detector capabilities from the primary purity method are used as controls to confirm an accurate purity value.
- The primary chromatographic purity value is used to calculate the Mass Balance Purity Factor.
- A secondary chromatographic purity method is utilized as a control.
- Mass Balance Purity Factor = [(100 wt% residual solvent wt% residual water wt% residual inorganics)
 x Chromatographic Purity/100].
- Mass Balance Purity Factor does not include adjustment for chiral and/or isotopic purity.

Spectral and Physical Data

HPLC/UV



Column: Ascentis Express C18, 2.7 μm,

3.0 x 100 mm

Mobile Phase: A: Acetonitrile

B: 0.1% Phosphoric acid in Water

Gradient:

 Time (min)
 % A
 % B

 0.0
 2
 98

 8.0
 50
 50

 10.0
 50
 50

 10.1
 2
 98

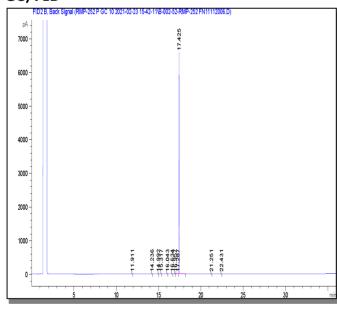
Flow Rate: 0.6 mL/min Wavelength: 210 nm

Sample Name: Acquired:

FN11112006 February 23, 2021

Peak #	Ret Time	Area %	
1	3.28	99.91	
2	4.81	0.03	
3	5.13	0.01	
4	5.97	0.01	
5	6.72	0.03	
6	8.96	0.01	

GC/FID



Column: DB-35ms, 30 m x 0.53 mm ID,

1.0 µm film thickness

Temp Program: 40°C to 280°C at 10°C/min

hold 12 min

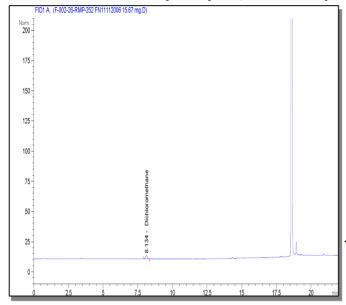
Injector Temp: Cool-on-Column

Detector Temp: 325°C

Sample Name: FN11112006
Acquired: February 23, 2021

Peak #	Ret Time	Area %
1	11.91	0.00
2	14.24	0.00
3	14.99	0.00
4	15.32	0.00
5	16.04	0.01
6	16.63	0.00
7	16.96	0.00
8	17.29	0.01
9	17.43	99.96
10	21.25	0.01
11	22.43	0.00

Residual Solvent Analysis by GC/FID Headspace



Column: DB-ALC1 30 m x 0.53 mm,

3 µm film thickness

Temp Program: 40°C hold 12 min to 220°C at

40°C/min hold 5.5 min

Carrier Gas: Helium
Flow Rate: 2.0 mL/min
Detector Heater Temp: 250°C

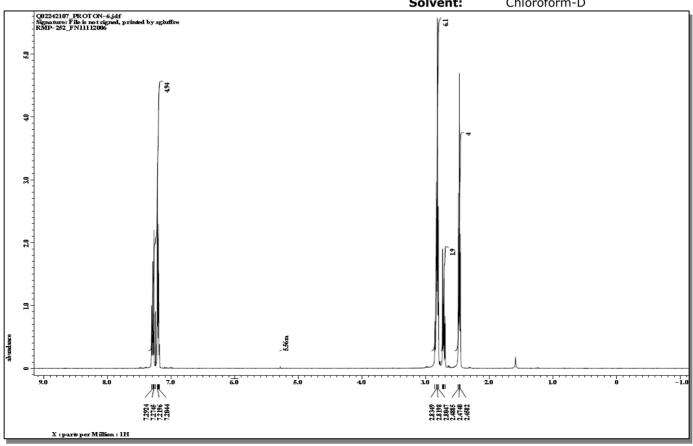
Injector: Headspace Sampler

HS Oven Temp: 60°C
Vial Equilibration: 10 minutes

Sample Name: FN11112006 Acquired: March 02, 2021

Peak	Compound	Area	Weight %
1	Dichloromethane	25.10	0.17
2	NMP	NA	NA
Total			0.17

1H NMRInstrument: JEOL ECS-400
Solvent: Chloroform-D



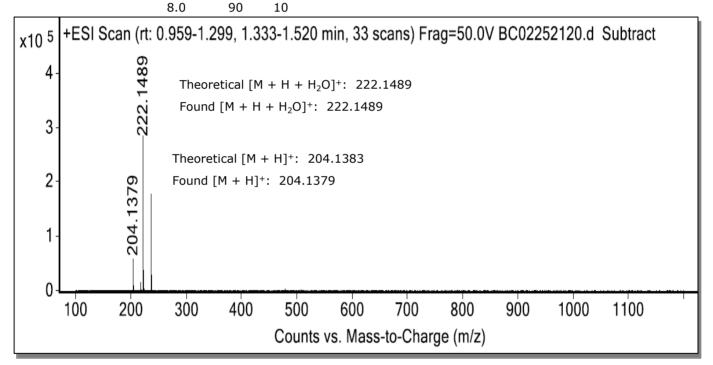
LC/MS

Column: Ascentis Express C18, 2.7 µm, Flow Rate: 0.4 mL/min 3.0 x 50 mm Scan Range: 100-1200 amu

Mobile Phase: A: 0.1% Formic acid in Water **Ionization:** Electrospray, Positive Ion

B: Acetonitrile **Instrument:** Agilent 6545XT QTOF **Gradient:** % A % B Acquired: February 26, 2021

Time (min) 0.0 90 10 0.5 90 10 4.0 50 50 5.8 50 50 6.0 90 10



Stability

Short term stability studies have been performed in multiple storage conditions for a period of up to one week. Short term data is utilized to support transport conditions and normal laboratory use. Real-time stability studies are performed at the recommended storage conditions over the life of the product.

Short Term Stability: A summary of stability findings for this product is listed below.

Storage Condition	Targeted Mean Kinetic Temperature (MKT)	Time Period/Result		
Freezer	-20°C			
Refrigerator	5°C	No decrease in purity was noted after		
Room Temperature	20°C	one week.		
40°C	40°C			

Transport/Shipping: Stability studies support the transport of this product at ambient conditions.

Commutability

This standard is a solution of a pure substance in an organic solvent and is a Primary Standard. This Primary Standard is suitable for use in the preparation of calibrators and/or controls in any biological matrix. This standard is not in a biological matrix and therefore commutability to methods or standards in biological matrices does not apply.

COA Revision History

Revision No.	Date	Reason for Revision
00	August 06, 2021	Initial version.



Certified Reference Material - Certificate of Analysis

N-Phenethyl-4-piperidone-¹³C₆ (NPP-¹³C₆), Primary Measurement Standard

1-Phenethyl-4-piperidone- 13 C₆

Product No.: P-167-1ML **Lot No.:** FN06142104

Description of CRM: N-Phenethyl-4-piperidone- $^{13}C_6$ (NPP- $^{13}C_6$)

in Acetonitrile (Solution)

Retest Date: September 2022 See Stability Section **Storage:** Store unopened in freezer (-10 °C to -25 °C).

Shipping: Ambient. See Stability Section

Chemical formula: $C_7^{13}C_6H_{17}NO$

CAS No.: NA

Cerilliant Quality

ISO/IEC 17025

ISO 14001

ISO 9001

Analyte	Certified Concentration ±		
Allalyte	associated uncertainty U , $u = k * u$	(k=2)	

N-Phenethyl-4-piperidone- $^{13}C_6$ (NPP- $^{13}C_6$) 1.000 ± 0.006 mg/mL

Metrological traceability: Traceable to the SI and higher order standards from NIST through an unbroken

chain of comparisons. See "Details on metrological traceability" on page 3.

Measurement method: The certified value is calculated from high precision weighing of thoroughly

characterized starting material. See "Details about certification process" on

page 3.

Intended use: This Certified Reference Material is suitable for the in vitro identification,

calibration, and quantification of the analyte(s) in analytical and R&D applications.

Not suitable for human or animal consumption.

Minimum sample size: $1 \mu L$ for

Instructions for handling and correct

use:

1 μL for quantitative applications

Concentration is corrected for chromatographic purity, residual water, residual

solvents, and residual inorganics. No adjustment required before use.

Users should quantitatively transfer desired volume using established good

laboratory practices to spike into matrix or to dilute to the desired concentration.

Each ampoule is intended for one-time use.

For MS Applications, we advise laboratories not to mix lots during a single

sequence.

Health and safety information:
Accreditation:

Danger. Please refer to the Safety Data Sheet for detailed information about the

nature of any hazard and appropriate precautions to be taken.

creditation: Cerilliant Corp. is accredited by the US accreditation authority ANAB as registered

reference material producer AR-1353 in accordance with ISO 17034 and registered

testing laboratory AT-1352 according to ISO/IEC 17025.

ANAB A C C R E D I T E D ISO 17034 REFERENCE MATERIAL PRODUCER

Ded

Darron Ellsworth, Quality Assurance Manager

August 09, 2021

Issue Date

Packaging: 2 mL amber USP Type 1 glass ampoule containing not less than 1 mL of

certified solution. Ampoules are overfilled to ensure a minimum of 1 mL volume can be transferred when using a 1mL Class A volumetric pipette.

Details on starting materials:

Each raw material utilized has been identified and thoroughly characterized through the use of multiple analytical techniques and is assigned a Mass Balance Purity Factor. Spectral data is provided on subsequent pages of this

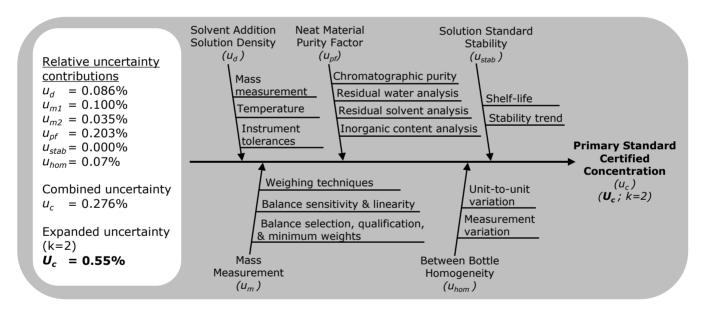
CoA.

Certificate of Origin: Cerilliant Corporation certifies no material of animal origin (BSE/TSE) was used

in the preparation of this product. This material is a product of the USA.

Associated uncertainty:

The uncertainty has been calculated by statistical analysis of all aspects of our production system and incorporated uncertainty of the mass balance purity factor, material density, balance, weighing technique, and homogeneity. Uncertainty components of the gravimetrically prepared Primary Standard concentration are shown in the figure below. Uncertainty is expressed as an expanded uncertainty in accordance with ISO 17034 at the approximate 95% confidence interval using a coverage factor of k=2. Uncertainty contribution from neat material homogeneity was established to be negligible through establishment of process controls and verification of the control process. Stability uncertainty was determined to be negligible by regression analysis.



Details on metrological traceability:

- This standard has been gravimetrically prepared using balances that have been fully qualified and calibrated to ISO 17025 requirements. All calibrations utilize NIST traceable weights which are calibrated externally by a qualified ISO 17025 accredited calibration laboratory to NIST standards. Qualification of each balance includes the assignment of a minimum weighing by a qualified and ISO 17025 accredited calibration vendor taking into consideration the balance and installed environmental conditions to ensure compliance with USP tolerances of NMT 0.10% relative error.
- Fill volume to predetermined specifications is gravimetrically verified throughout the dispensing process using qualified and calibrated balances.
- The density and material Mass Balance Purity Factor of each raw material is traceable to the SI and higher order reference materials through mass measurement and instrument qualification and calibrations.

Details about certification process:

This standard has been prepared and certified under the ISO 17034, ISO/IEC 17025, and ISO 9001 standards. This standard meets the requirements of a Certified Reference Material and a Primary Standard as defined by ISO and is traceable to the SI and higher order standards through an unbroken chain of comparisons.

- Nominal concentration is calculated based on: the actual mass; Mass balance purity factor of the analyte(s); measured mass of the solution; and the density of the pure diluent at 20°C.
- Fill volume is gravimetrically verified throughout the dispensing process using qualified and calibrated balances.
- Concentration is verified against an independently prepared calibration solution gravimetrically prepared.
- Additional certification information available upon request.

Solution Standard Verification

Concentration accuracy and within- and between-bottle homogeneity are analytically verified against an independently prepared calibration solution.

Standard Solution Assay Parameters

Analysis Method: HPLC/UV

Column: Ascentis Express C18, 2.7 µm, 3.0 x 100 mm **Mobile Phase:** Acetonitrile:0.1% Phosphoric acid in Water

(12:88)

Flow Rate: 1.25 mL/min
Wavelength: 210 nm

Calibration Curve

Calibration Curve: Linear Regression

Number of Points: 4 Linearity (r): 1.000

		Verified Concentration (mg/mL)	%RSD - Homogeneity
Standard Solution	Lot Number	Actual Results	Actual Results
New Lot	FN06142104	0.992	0.6

- Concentration is verified through multiple analyses and is calculated as the average of multiple analyses compared to an independently prepared calibration solution.
- Within-sample and between-sample homogeneity of the New Lot is ensured through rigorous production process controls statistically analyzed to evaluate risk and verified by analysis. Multiple samples pulled from across the lot using a random stratified sampling plan were analyzed to verify homogeneity. % RSD results shown above for the New Lot demonstrate ampoule-to-ampoule homogeneity.

Analyte Certification - Mass Balance Purity Factor

Each analyte is thoroughly identified and characterized using an orthogonal approach. A mass balance purity factor is assigned incorporating chromatographic purity and residual impurities. The mass balance purity factor is utilized to calculate the weighing adjustment necessary to ensure accuracy of the solution standard concentration.

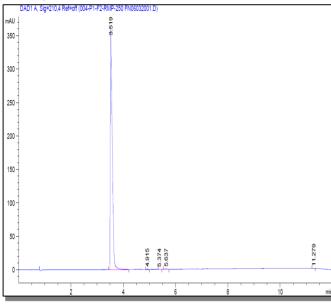
r					
Material Name:	N-Phenethyl-4-piperidone-13	Chemical Forn	nula:	C_7^{13}	C ₆ H ₁₇ NO
	$(NPP^{-13}C_6)$	CAS Number:		NA	
Material Lot:	terial Lot: FN06032001 Molecular Weig		ght:	3ht: 209.24	
	Material Characte	erization Summary			
Analytical Test		Method		Res	ults
Primary Chromatographi	ic Purity by HPLC/UV Analysis	20384348	99.7%		
Secondary Chromatograp	phic Purity by GC/FID Analysis	20384346	99.5%		
Identity by GC/MS Analy	ysis	20384214	Consistent with Structure		
			0.4	48% ¹³	C ₀ vs ¹³ C ₆
			0.35%	¹³ C ₀	11.97% ¹³ C ₄
Isotopic Purity and Distr	ribution by GC/MS SIM Analysis	20384214	0.80%	¹³ C ₁	9.46% ¹³ C ₅
			0.90%	¹³ C ₂	74.34% ¹³ C ₆
			2.17%	¹³ C ₃	
Identity by ¹ H-NMR Analysis		20384224	Consistent with Structure		
Residual Solvent Analysi	is by GC/FID Headspace	20397799 ¹	0.10%		
Residual Water Analysis	by Karl Fischer Coulometry	20398075 ¹	1.25%		
Inorganic Content by Mi	croash Analysis	20384350	< 0.2%		
Mass Balance Purity Fac		98.39%			

¹ Validated analytical method

- The primary chromatographic purity is calculated as the average of two independently performed analyses utilizing two different methods. Acceptance criteria requires the purity values to be within 0.5% of each other.
- The primary purity method was selected to optimize resolution of impurities while minimizing degradation of the analyte. Secondary purity methods with orthogonal detector capabilities from the primary purity method are used as controls to confirm an accurate purity value.
- The primary chromatographic purity value is used to calculate the Mass Balance Purity Factor.
- A secondary chromatographic purity method is utilized as a control.
- Mass Balance Purity Factor = [(100 wt% residual solvent wt% residual water wt% residual inorganics) x Chromatographic Purity/100].
- Mass Balance Purity Factor does not include adjustment for chiral and/or isotopic purity.

Spectral and Physical Data

HPLC/UV



Column: Ascentis Express C18, 2.7 μm,

3.0 x 100 mm

Mobile Phase: A: Acetonitrile

B: 0.1% Phosphoric acid in Water

2

98

 Time (min)
 % A
 % B

 0.0
 2
 98

 8.0
 50
 50

 10.0
 50
 50

10.1

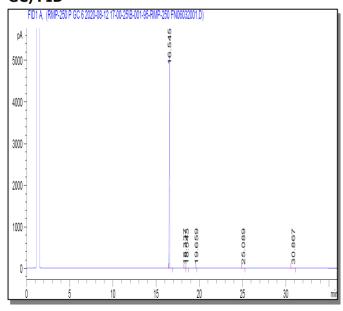
Flow Rate: 0.6 mL/min

Wavelength: 210 nm

Sample Name: FN06032001 Acquired: August 29, 2020

Peak #	Ret Time	Area %	
1	3.52	99.62	
2	4.92	0.09	
3	5.37	0.08	
4	5.64	0.19	
5	11.28	0.03	

GC/FID



Column: DB-5ms, 30 m x 0.53 mm ID,

1.5 µm film thickness

Temp Program: 40°C to 280°C at 10°C/min hold 12 min

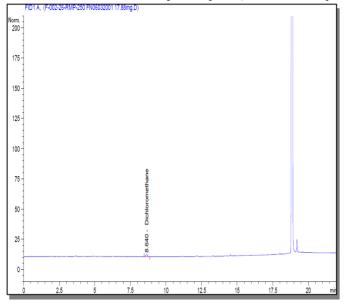
Injector Temp: Cool-on-Column

Detector Temp: 325°C

Sample Name: FN06032001 **Acquired:** August 12, 2020

Peak #	Ret Time	Area %
1	16.55	99.53
2	18.34	0.10
3	18.54	0.11
4	19.66	0.00
5	25.09	0.14
6	30.87	0.11

Residual Solvent Analysis by GC/FID Headspace



Column: DB-ALC1 30 m x 0.53 mm,

3 µm film thickness

Temp Program: 40°C hold 12 min to 220°C at

40°C/min hold 5.5 min

Carrier Gas: Helium
Flow Rate: 2.0 mL/min
Detector Heater Temp: 250°C

Injector: Headspace Sampler

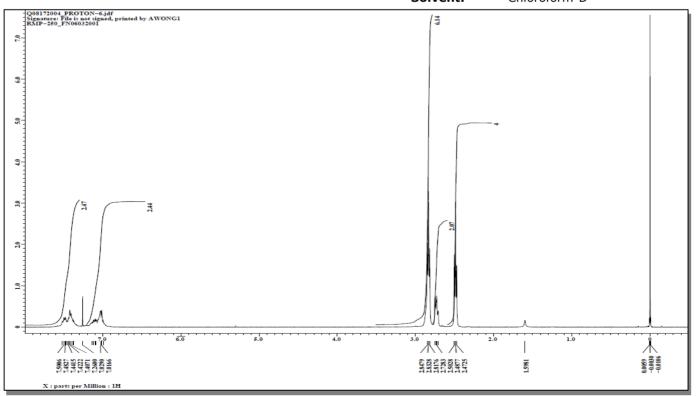
HS Oven Temp: 60°C **Vial Equilibration:** 10 minutes

Sample Name: FN06032001 **Acquired:** August 04, 2020

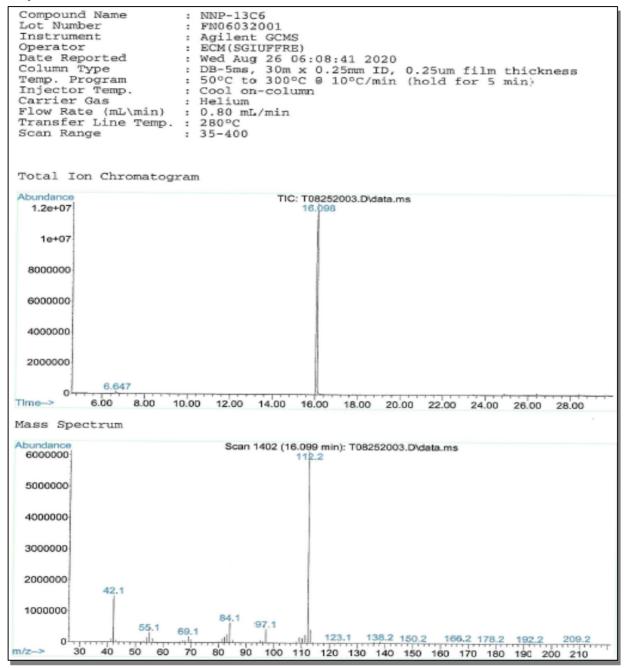
Peak	Compound	Area	Weight %
1	Dichloromethane	14.67	0.10
2	NMP	NA	NA
Total			0.10

¹H NMR

Instrument: JEOL ECS 400
Solvent: Chloroform-D



GC/MS



Stability

Short term stability studies have been performed in multiple storage conditions for a period of up to one week. Short term data is utilized to support transport conditions and normal laboratory use. Real-time stability studies are performed at the recommended storage conditions over the life of the product.

Short Term Stability: A summary of stability findings for a related product (P-165-1ML, N-Phenethyl-4-piperidone (NPP)) is listed below.

Storage Condition	Targeted Mean Kinetic Temperature (MKT)	Time Period/Result	
Freezer	-20°C		
Refrigerator	5°C	No decrease in purity was noted after one week.	
Room Temperature	20°C		
40°C	40°C		

Transport/Shipping: Stability studies support the transport of this product at ambient conditions.

Commutability

This standard is a solution of a pure substance in an organic solvent and is a Primary Standard. This Primary Standard is suitable for use in the preparation of calibrators and/or controls in any biological matrix. This standard is not in a biological matrix and therefore commutability to methods or standards in biological matrices does not apply.

COA Revision History

Revision No.	Date	Reason for Revision
00	August 09, 2021	Initial version.